

Simple Gravity Model Example

Given:

O \ j	1	2	Total
1			200
2			300
Total	100	400	500

Travel Times (t_{ij}):

i \ j	1	2
1	5	15
2	12	6

Impedance Function $f_{ij} = 1/t_{ij}^2$

i \ j	1	2
1	0.04000	0.00444
2	0.00694	0.02778

Iteration k=1: ($D_j^k = D_j$)

$D_j^1 =$ 100 400

Denominator, Origin i=1 5.78 ← $\sum_j D_j^k f_{1j}$ $(0.0400)(100) + (0.00444)(400) = 5.776$

Denominator, Origin i=2 11.81 ← $\sum_j D_j^k f_{2j}$ $(0.00694)(100) + (0.02778)(400) = 11.806$

i \ j	1	2	Total
1	138.5	61.5	200.0
2	17.6	282.4	300.0
Total	156.1	343.9	500

$R_j =$ 0.641 1.163

$|R_j - 1| =$ 0.359 0.163

Iteration k=2: ($D_j^{(new)} = D_j^{(old)} \cdot R_j$)

$D_j^2 =$ 64.1 465.3

Denominator, Origin i=1 4.63

Denominator, Origin i=2 13.37

i \ j	1	2	Total
1	110.7	89.3	200.0
2	10.0	290.0	300.0
Total	120.7	379.3	500

$R_j =$ 0.829 1.054

$|R_j - 1| =$ 0.171 0.054

Iteration k=3: ($D_j^{(new)} = D_j^{(old)} \cdot R_j$)

$D_j^3 =$ 53.1 490.6

Denominator, Origin i=1 4.30

Denominator, Origin i=2 14.00

i \ j	1	2	Total
1	98.7	101.3	200.0
2	7.9	292.1	300.0
Total	106.6	393.4	500

$R_j =$ 0.938 1.017

$|R_j - 1| =$ 0.062 0.017

Iteration k=4: ($D_j^{(new)} = D_j^{(old)} \cdot R_j$)

$D_j^4 =$ 49.8 498.8

Denominator, Origin i=1 4.21

Denominator, Origin i=2 14.20

i \ j	1	2	Total
1	94.7	105.3	200.0
2	7.3	292.7	300.0
Total	102.0	398.0	500

$R_j =$ 0.981 1.005

$|R_j - 1| =$ 0.019 0.005

Assume epsilon of 2% - converged

$D_j / \sum_i T_{ij}^k$ $\frac{100}{156.1} \quad \frac{400}{343.9}$
 $\left| \frac{100}{156.1} - 1 \right| \quad \left| \frac{400}{343.9} - 1 \right|$
 $100 \times 0.641 \quad 400 \times 1.163$

$T_{ij}^k = O_i D_j^k f_{ij} / \sum_j D_j^k f_{ij}$
 $\sum_j D_j^k f_{1j} = (0.0400)(100) + (0.00444)(400) = 5.776$
 $\sum_j D_j^k f_{2j} = (0.00694)(100) + (0.02778)(400) = 11.806$

Simple Gravity Model Example

Given:

O/D:	1	2	Total
1			200
2			300
Total	100	400	500

Travel Times (t_{ij}):

O/D:	1	2
1	5	15
2	12	6

Impedance Function = (t_{ij})⁻²

O/D:	1	2
1	0.04000	0.00444
2	0.00694	0.02778

USING BALANCING PROCEDURE FROM FLOWCHART

Iteration 1: (D*_j = D_j)

D*_j= 100 400
 Denominator, Org=1 5.78
 Denominator, Org=2 11.81

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	138.5	61.5	200.0
2	17.6	282.4	300.0
Total	156.1	343.9	500

R_j= 0.641 1.163

Iteration 2: (D*_j(new) = D*_j(old)*R_j)

D*_j= 64.05797 465.2632
 Denominator, Org=1 4.63
 Denominator, Org=2 13.37

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	110.7	89.3	200.0
2	10.0	290.0	300.0
Total	120.7	379.3	500

R_j= 0.829 1.054

Iteration 3: (D*_j(new) = D*_j(old)*R_j)

D*_j= 53.08873 490.6055
 Denominator, Org=1 4.30
 Denominator, Org=2 14.00

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	98.7	101.3	200.0
2	7.9	292.1	300.0
Total	106.6	393.4	500

R_j= 0.938 1.017

Iteration 4: (D*_j(new) = D*_j(old)*R_j)

D*_j= 49.81137 498.8104
 Denominator, Org=1 4.21
 Denominator, Org=2 14.20

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	94.7	105.3	200.0
2	7.3	292.7	300.0
Total	102.0	398.0	500

R_j= 0.981 1.005

Assume epsilon of 2% - converged

USING ENTROPY FORMULATION

Iteration1 (B_j = 1)

B_j = 1 1
 Denom A1 5.78
 Denom A2 11.81

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	138.5	61.5	200.0
2	17.6	282.4	300.0
Total	156.1	343.9	500

A_i
 0.173077
 0.084706

Iteration2

B_j = 0.64058 1.163158
 Denom A1 4.63
 Denom A2 13.37

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	110.7	89.3	200.0
2	10.0	290.0	300.0
Total	120.7	379.3	500

A_i
 0.215975
 0.074801

Iteration3

B_j = 0.530887 1.226514
 Denom A1 4.30
 Denom A2 14.00

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	98.7	101.3	200.0
2	7.9	292.1	300.0
Total	106.6	393.4	500

A_i
 0.232341
 0.071446

Iteration 4

B_j = 0.498114 1.247026
 Denom A1 4.21
 Denom A2 14.20

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	94.7	105.3	200.0
2	7.3	292.7	300.0
Total	102.0	398.0	500

A_i
 0.237564
 0.070414

Biproportional Updating, Alternate Row/Column Balancing

Future Year Trip Origins Destinations

O/D:	1	2	Total
1			200
2			300
Total	100	400	500

Balance Rows:

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	80	120	200
2	36	264	300
Total	116	384	500

Rj 0.86 1.04

Balance Rows:

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	71.1	128.9	200
2	30.4	269.6	300
Total	101.5	398.5	500

Rj 0.98 1.00

Balance Rows:

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	70.2	129.8	200
2	29.9	270.1	300
Total	100.1	399.9	500

Rj 1.00 1.00

Converged!

Base Year Matrix

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	60	90	150
2	30	220	250
Total	90	310	400

Balance Columns:

O/D:	1	2	Total	Ri
1	69.0	125.0	194.0	1.03
2	31.0	275.0	306.0	0.98
Total	100	400	500	

Balance Columns:

O/D:	1	2	Total	Ri
1	70.0	129.4	199.4	1.00
2	30.0	270.6	300.6	1.00
Total	100	400	500	

Balance Columns:

O/D:	1	2	Total	Ri
1	70.1	129.8	199.9	1.00
2	29.9	270.2	300.1	1.00
Total	100	400	500	

Biproportional Updating, Using "Gravity" Formulation.

Given:

O/D:	1	2	Total
1			200
2			300
Total	100	400	500

Base Year Matrix

O/D:	1	2
1	60	90
2	30	220

Iteration 1: ($D^*j = Dj$)

$D^*j =$ 100 400
 Denominator, Org=1 42000.00
 Denominator, Org=2 91000.00

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	28.6	171.4	200.0
2	9.9	290.1	300.0
Total	38.5	461.5	500

$Rj =$ 2.600 0.867

Iteration 2: ($D^*j(\text{new}) = D^*j(\text{old}) * Rj$)

$D^*j =$ 260 346.6667
 Denominator, Org=1 46800.00
 Denominator, Org=2 84066.67

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	66.7	133.3	200.0
2	27.8	272.2	300.0
Total	94.5	405.5	500

$Rj =$ 1.058 0.986

Iteration 3: ($D^*j(\text{new}) = D^*j(\text{old}) * Rj$)

$D^*j =$ 275.1273 341.9661
 Denominator, Org=1 47284.59
 Denominator, Org=2 83486.36

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	69.8	130.2	200.0
2	29.7	270.3	300.0
Total	99.5	400.5	500

$Rj =$ 1.005 0.999

Iteration 4: ($D^*j(\text{new}) = D^*j(\text{old}) * Rj$)

$D^*j =$ 276.5605 341.5236
 Denominator, Org=1 47330.76
 Denominator, Org=2 83432.01

O/D:	1	2	Total
1	70.1	129.9	200.0
2	29.8	270.2	300.0
Total	100.0	400.0	500

$Rj =$ 1.000 1.000

Converged!

$T_{ij} = A_i \cdot O_j \cdot B_j \cdot D_j \cdot T_{ij}^0$? $A_i = \frac{1}{\sum_j B_j \cdot D_j \cdot f_j}$?

$= 100(60) + 400(90)$
 $= 100(30) + 400(220)$

$\frac{200 \times 100 \times 60}{92000} = 28.6$ $\frac{200 \times 400 \times 90}{92000} = 171.4$

$\frac{100}{38.5} = 2.600$ $\frac{400}{461.5} = 0.867$

$100 \times 2.6 = 260$

$T_{ij} = O_j \cdot D_j \cdot T_{ij}^0$
 $\sum_j D_j \cdot T_{ij}^0$

$\frac{D_i}{\sum_j T_{ij}^0}$